



Alerts Onboarding

An introduction to New Relic alerts

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Safe Harbor

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Agenda

01	What is New Relic Alerts	5 mins
02	Key concepts and terminology	5 mins
03	Platform demo	30 mins
04	Q&A	5 mins
05	Setting goals and next steps	5 mins

New Relic All-in-one Observability Platform

Data Cloud



- Agents
- eBPF/Pixie
- OpenTelemetry
- 700+ Integrations
- Prometheus
- Ingest APIs



Insight Cloud

- APM 360
- Distributed Tracing
- Session Replay
- Browser Monitoring
- Mobile Monitoring
- Website Performance
- SAP Monitoring
- Error Tracking
- CodeStream
- Code Profiling
- Service Maps
- CI/CD Monitoring
- Business Observability/Pathpoint
- Log Management
- Live Archives
- Logs in Context
- Log Patterns
- Host Monitoring
- Container Monitoring
- Kubernetes Monitoring
- AWS Monitoring
- Azure Monitoring
- GCP Monitoring
- Serverless Monitoring
- Network Monitoring
- Database Monitoring
- Kafka Monitoring
- Custom Queries (NRQL & AI)
- Customizable Dashboard
- Custom Apps
- APIs
- Alerts
- AIOps
- Change Tracking
- Root Cause Analysis
- Workflow Integrations
- Notification Workflow
- New Relic AI
- AI Monitoring
- OpenAI Monitoring
- Dashboards
- Entity Explorer
- Service Levels
- Service Catalog
- Vulnerability Management
- Interactive Application Security Testing
- Synthetic Browser Monitoring
- Synthetic API Monitoring
- Synthetic Scripted Monitoring
- Continuous Automated Testing

01 What is New Relic Alerts





VS

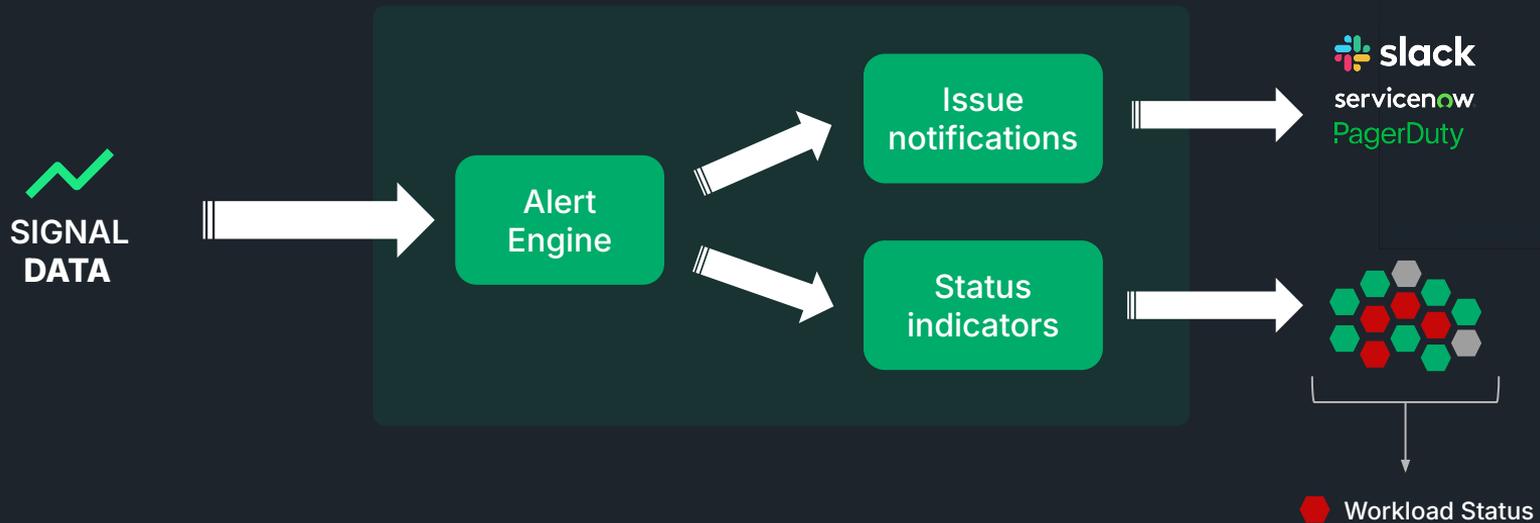




New Relic Alerts is a **pro-active** mechanism for automating the **detection and notification** of **changes in your systems'** data.

It encompasses a suite of tools that **continually analyses data signals** against user defined set of thresholds, **generating issues** and **notifying end users** of problems as they occur.

10,000ft view

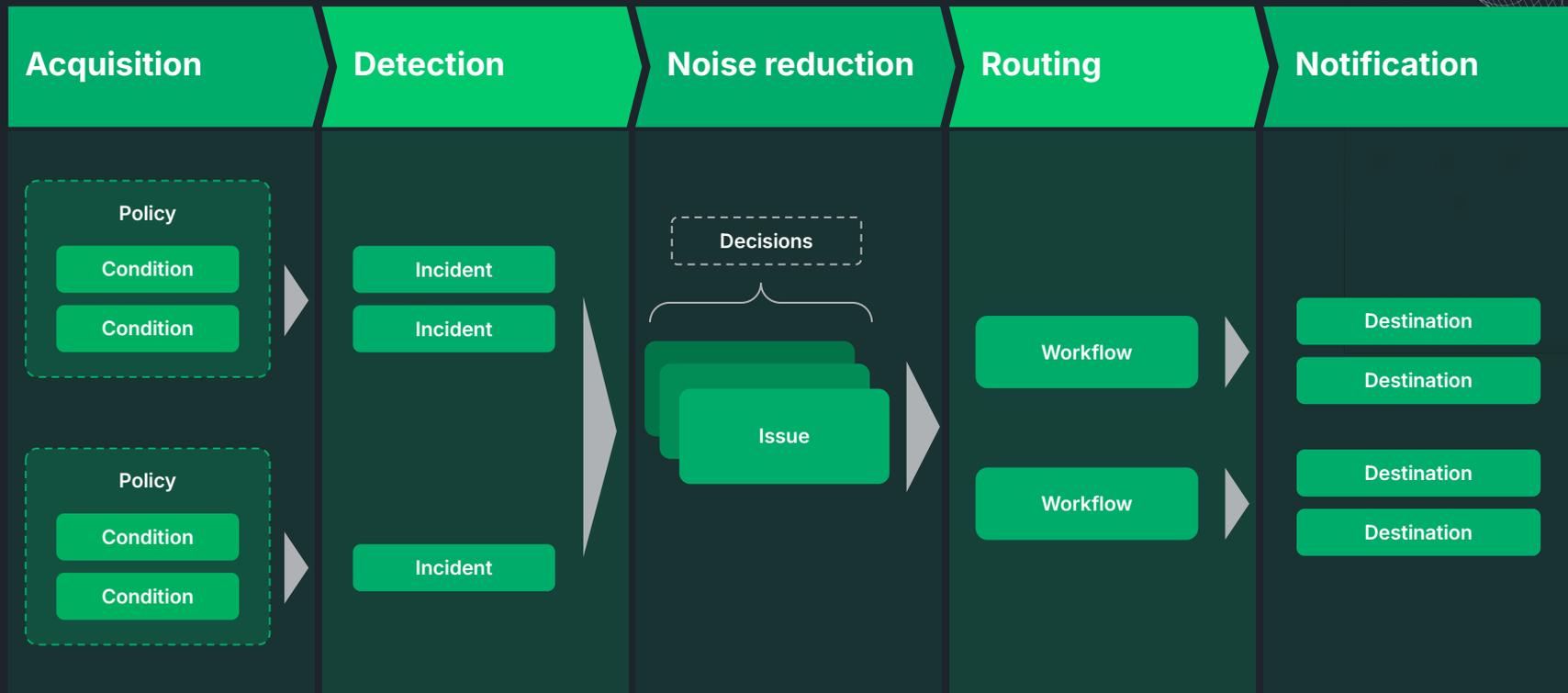


An abstract graphic on the right side of the slide, composed of numerous thin, green, curved lines that form a complex, flowing, and somewhat spherical shape. The lines are densely packed and create a sense of depth and movement, resembling a wireframe model of a dynamic object.

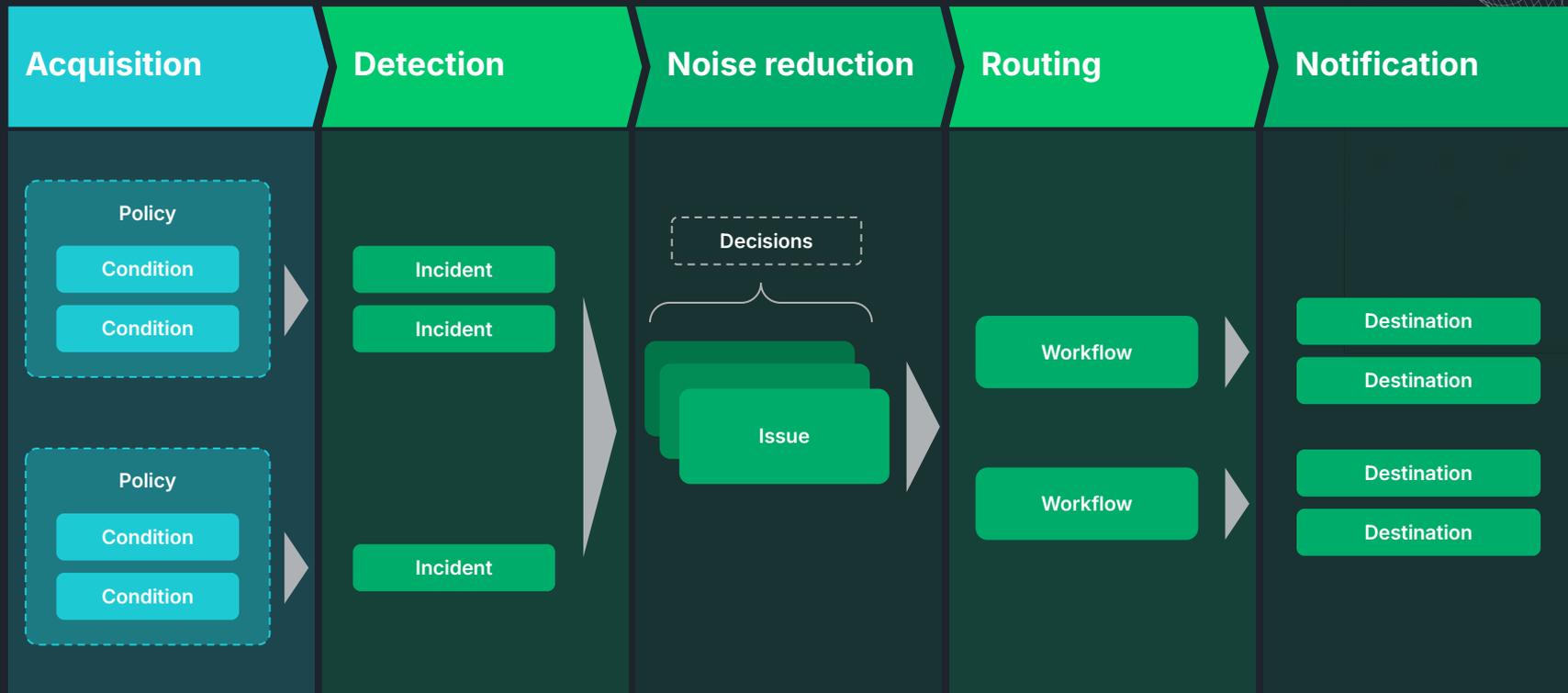
02 Key concepts and terminology

The building blocks of alerts

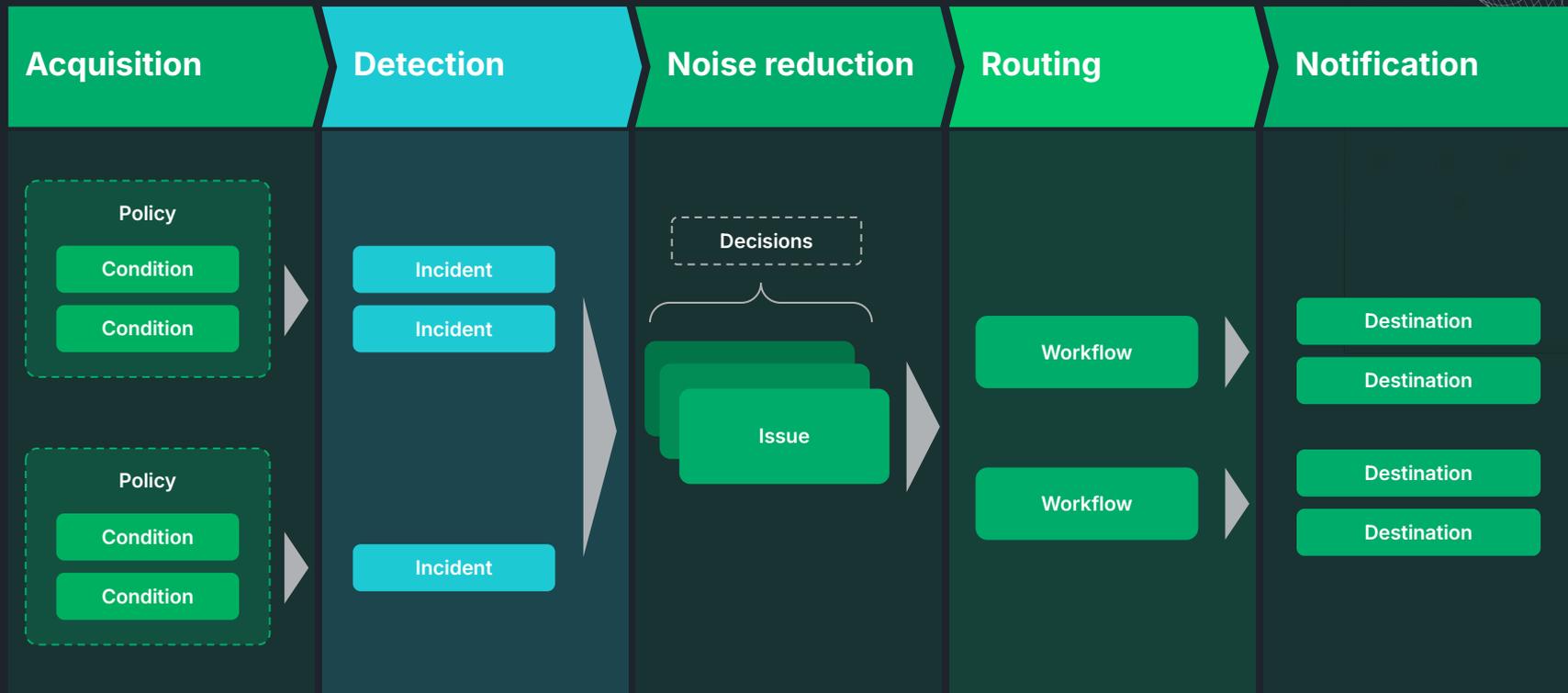
The Alert Pipeline



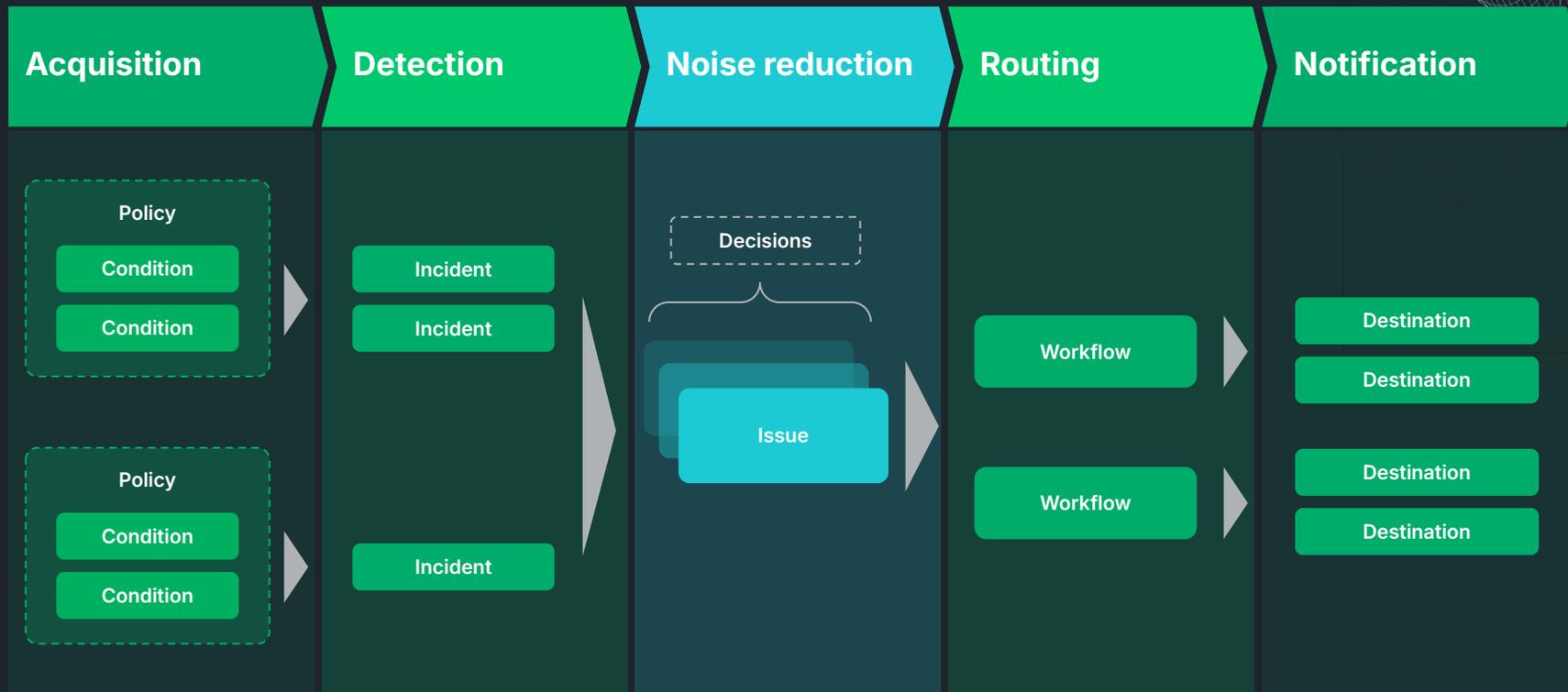
The Alert Pipeline



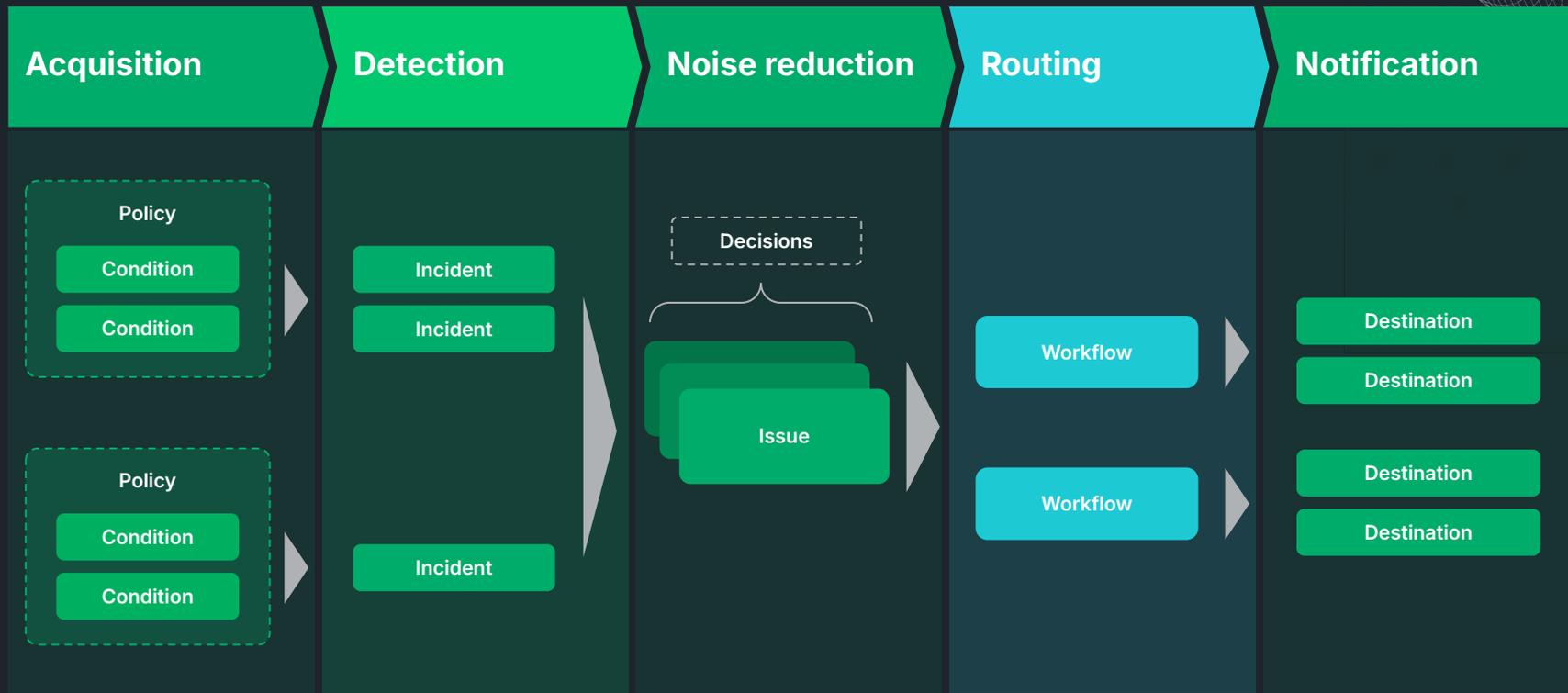
The Alert Pipeline



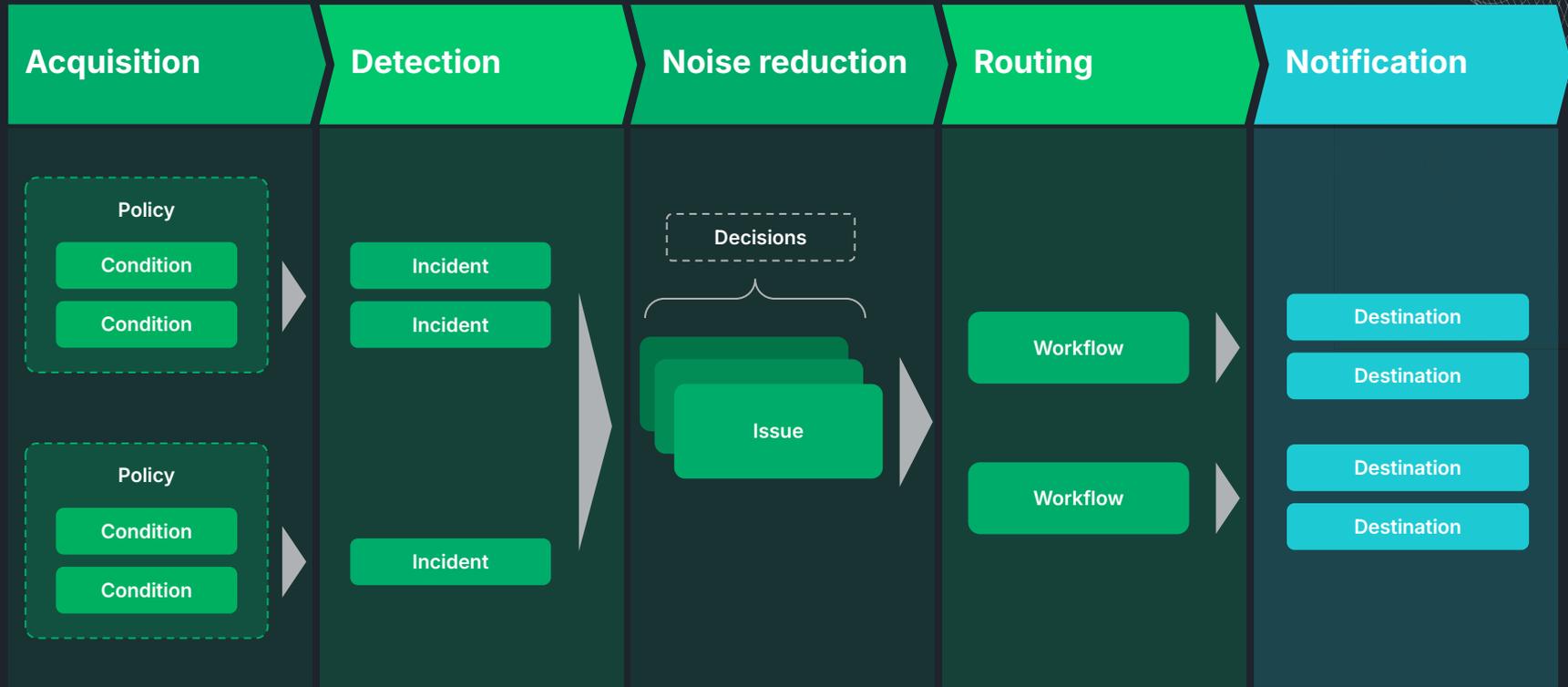
The Alert Pipeline



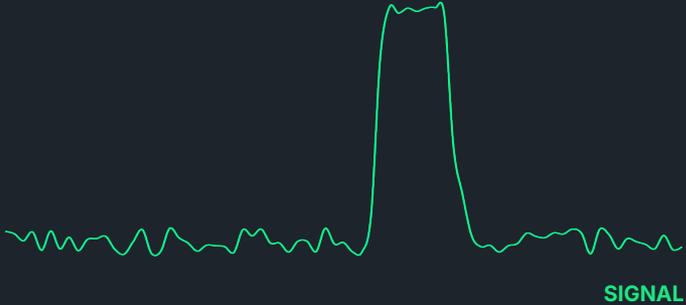
The Alert Pipeline



The Alert Pipeline



What is a "Signal"?



- Any data** being sent to New Relic
- Result of an **NRQL query** against incoming data
- If you can **query it you can alert** on it!

Some examples

Class	Signal
Host Metrics	Resources, scaling, restarts
APM Golden Metrics	Latency, throughput, errors
Synthetic journeys	Success rate, duration
Log Data	Error messages, business data
Business metrics	Customers, satisfaction, \$\$\$

What three key signals (data) would you set alerts upon?

Signals to alert on

Some examples

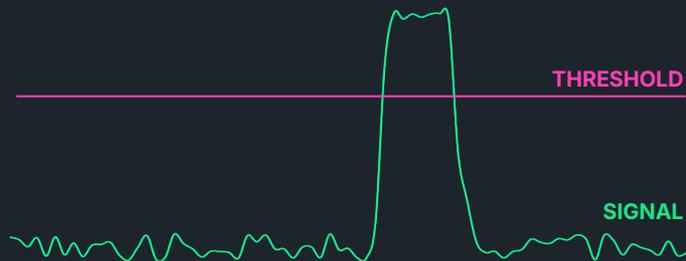
- Host metrics - resources, scaling, restarts
- APM Golden metrics - latency, throughput, errors
- Mobile - crash rate by version, users affected by exception
- Key transactions
- Synthetic journeys - success rate, duration
- Log data - error messages, business data
- Business metrics - customers, satisfaction, \$\$\$

- Your ideas here...



Conditions

Signal acquisition and evaluation



Threshold

Value, which if breached by signal for a defined time period, will trigger an incident to be opened.

A threshold can be set for both **warning** and **critical**

Signal query

Defined by NRQL query including optional WHERE and FACET clauses.

Guided wizard available to help build.

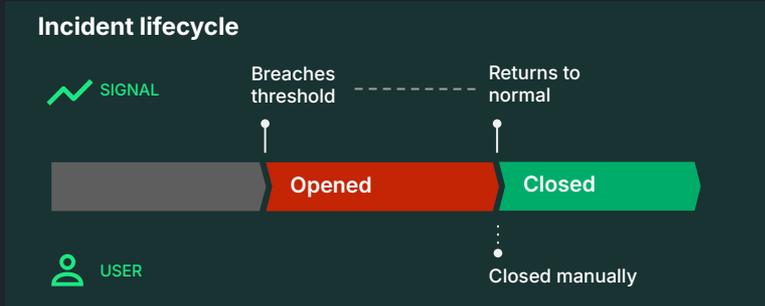
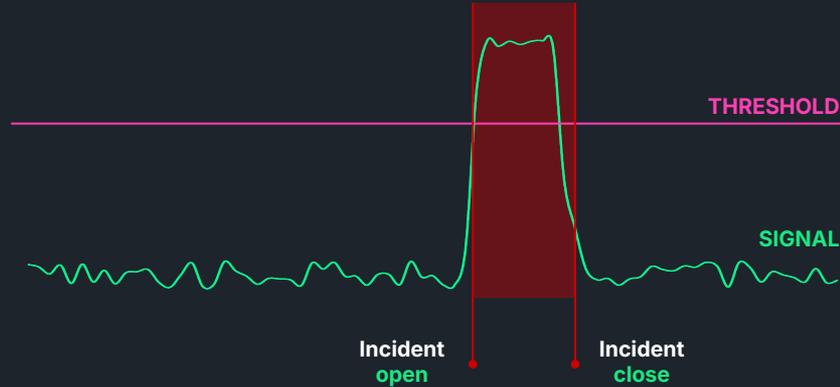
**Additional non-NRQL conditions soon to be deprecated*

Some examples

Signal	Threshold
% Error rate	% error > 5%
Average basket value	median(value) < \$20
Login attempts per user	uniqueCount(user) > 10

Incidents

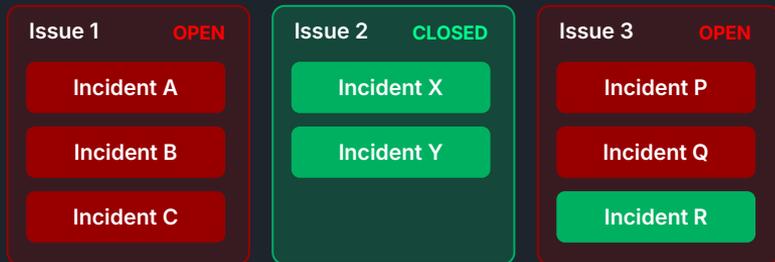
Signal breach detection



- Incidents **open** when a **signal breaches the threshold** defined in a condition.
- Incidents **close automatically** when the signal is no longer in breach.
- There will be some **latency** between signal breaching and incident opening based on condition settings.
- Incident will open for **each signal facet**
- Incidents can be **manually closed** by user

Issues

Incident management and noise reduction



“Incidents are the symptoms of a larger problem (the issue)”

Issues **group incidents together**, reducing noise and driving notification workflows.

- ❑ Issues are **opened when incidents open**
- ❑ Issues can **contain multiple incidents**
based on policy preference or correlation decisions
- ❑ Issues **close automatically** when all contained incidents have closed or if inactive for defined period
- ❑ Issues can be **manually closed**, which close all contained incidents.

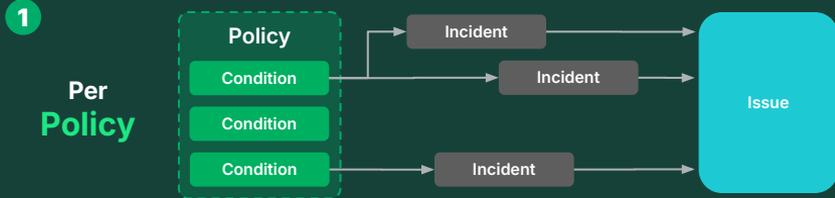
Issue lifecycle



Policies

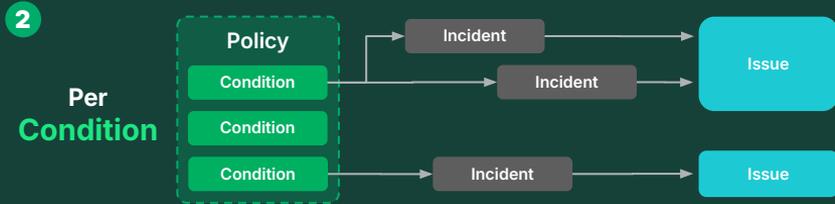
Predetermined incident grouping

FEWER ISSUES



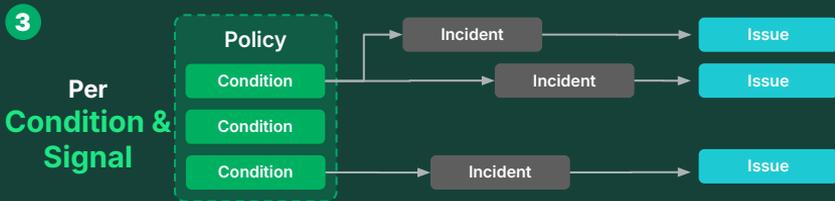
Only one issue will be open at a time for the **entire policy**.

- Requires immediate action and closing the issues to be effective



One issue will be open at a time for **each condition** in your policy.

- Useful for policies containing conditions that focus on entities that perform the same job



An issue will be created for **every incident** of **each condition** in your policy.

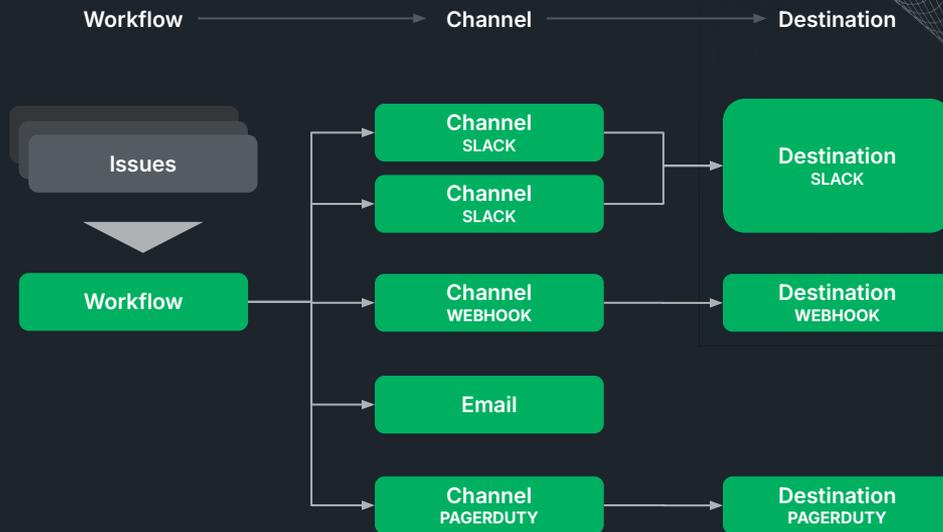
- Useful if you need to be notified of every violation or if you have an external system where you want to send alert notifications

MORE ISSUES

Workflows

Notification triage and routing

- Control **when** you want to receive notifications about issues
- **Notify correct teams** based on issue context
- Channels offer comprehensive **payload templating** options
- **Enrich notifications** with additional New Relic data



Channels allow **multiple different message payloads** to be sent to **multiple destinations**

Destinations

Notification dispatch

Destination inform **people** or **third party services** about issues state change.

Supported destinations:

- Email & mobile push
- Native: Jira*, ServiceNow*, PagerDuty*, Slack
- Webhook: e.g. OpsGenie, MS Teams, etc..
- AWS EventBridge

Destinations **setup once per account** and can be used by multiple workflows.



servicenow



PagerDuty

*two way integrations

03 Platform demo

Alert Design Concept: Tiered Alerts

Tier 1 - Immediate Response

For business / user impacting issues.

Good for:

- Always-actionable alerts
- Alert conditions with severe thresholds (e.g. 25% drop in traffic)
- Golden signal alerts on critical services tuned to not flap - using multiple conditions or longer evaluation windows.

Tier 2 - Same Business Day

For emerging issues or modest degradations.

Good for:

- SLO Error budget alerts.
- Predictive alerts with 1 day+ timeline.

Use tagging or naming conventions make expected response timelines clear.

Tier 3 - Informational Only

Created by an engineer or an SRE for informational, aspirational, or learning purposes only.

Filter from other tier alerts via tagging or naming conventions.

Performance Degradation Detection

Using Service Levels and Alerts



Service Levels vs Alerts

	Service Levels	Alerts
View of performance	Over time	Real time
Reduces MTTD by	Revealing problematic areas and gradual performance deterioration	Notifying engineering teams of a current issue
Thresholds	Closely aligned with expectations	Far enough from normal to require immediate review
Reviewed	Daily, Weekly, or per sprint	Immediately after trigger
Tune	Periodically, such as quarterly	After an incident, as needed
Used for executive reporting	Yes	No

Service Level Signals vs Alert Signals

	Service Levels	Alerts
Boundary applications	Yes	Yes
Web and mobile applications	Yes	Yes
Synthetics	Yes	Yes
Shared services & Platform	Yes	Yes
Low level compute metrics	No	Yes

05 Next steps

Resources

New Relic University course:

- New Relic University courses: [NRU Alerts](#)
- Also be sure to view the [Hands-on tutorials](#)

Blog posts:

- [Best practices for fixing your alerts](#)
- [Alert! Best practices for alert quality](#)

Setup guides:

- [How to configure workflow email destinations](#)
- [Setup a JIRA workflow destination](#)
- [Send notifications to Slack using workflow destinations](#)
- [How to configure workflow Pagerduty destinations](#)
- [How to to configure ServiceNow workflow destinations](#)

Documentation links:

- [Alert conditions](#)
- [Issues and incident management](#)
- [Alert policies](#)
- [Issue incident grouping preference](#)
- [Workflows in New Relic](#)
- [Notification destination integrations](#)

Videos:

- [The New Alert Condition Creation Form](#)
- [Never miss an alert with New Relic's mobile app](#)
- [Setting Muting Rules for Workflows](#)
- [How to set up webhook destinations for workflows](#)
- [Set up Sliding Window Aggregation in your Alert Conditions](#)
- [Alert aggregation methods explained](#)

New Relic Docs
docs.newrelic.com

Explorer's Hub
forum.newrelic.com

Developer's Site
developer.newrelic.com



Thank you.

Additional slides

Information regarding related capabilities.
You may choose to include them in your presentation too.

Alert quality management

Improving and optimizing the quality of your alerting

- ❑ Strategies to focus on **reducing the number of nuisance incidents** so that you focus only on alerts with **true business impact**
- ❑ Ensure that **fewer, more valuable**, incidents are created
- ❑ Includes **strategies, best practice** and **tooling** for measuring and analysing **alert quality**



NRQL condition tuning

Improving signal acquisition

Many more features for refining how signal data is processed and evaluated.



Fine tuning

Configure aggregation windows, delay and streaming methods to reliably process your signal



Gap filling

Reduce false alerts caused by sporadic data by specifying gap filling strategy



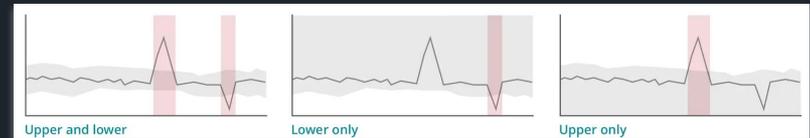
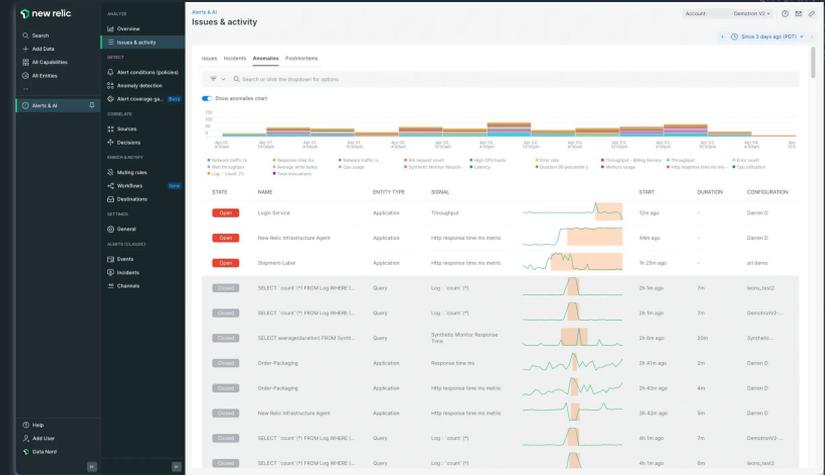
Signal loss

What to do if a signal is no longer being received

Anomaly detection

Get alerted for unusual behaviour

- Applied intelligence automatically surfaces unusual behaviour of your golden signals
- Customise your own anomalous behaviour detection with NRQL conditions



Muting rules

Temporarily mute notifications

- Mute **issue notifications**, for instance when **performing maintenance** or known **down periods**
- Issues are **still generated and queryable**, they just don't send notifications.
- **Filter incidents** by attribute, can target multiple workflows and destinations.
- Muting rules can be **scheduled and repeatable**

The screenshot displays the New Relic Alerts & AI interface. On the left is a navigation sidebar with options like 'Alerts & AI', 'Workflows', and 'Destinations'. The main panel is titled 'Alerts & AI' and contains a 'Muting rules' section. This section includes a table of existing muting rules and a configuration modal for creating a new rule.

Muting status	Name	Account	Scheduled start	Scheduled end	Created by	Enabled
ACTIVE	DB update	NewRelic Administration	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
ENDED	DB update	NewRelic Administration	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
ACTIVE	Maintenance Window API	Denontron V2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
...	Notification rule name	NewRelic Administration	<input type="checkbox"/>
SCHEDULED	Test Rule	Denontron V2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

4. Schedule your muting window (optional)

All day

Starts: 10:00 am Jan 10, 2022

Ends: 04:00 pm Jan 11, 2022

Timezone: (UTC -08:00) America/Los Angeles

Repeat: Never Daily Weekly Monthly

Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat

End repeat: Never

On

After Occurrences

Observability as code

Manage your alerts with code

- Use GraphQL (or Terraform) to **manage alerts programmatically**
- Allows for better **auditing** and **change control**
- Build workflows to **generate alerts automatically** from configuration

- Scale
- Stability
- Reusability
- Automation
- Compliance
- Security
- Innovation



GraphQL

Decisions

Advanced noise reduction

- Decisions **reduce noise** by **merging issues** containing correlated incidents
- New issues are **merged to existing ones**
- **All incidents** within the issues are merged
- Decisions can be **customised** based on incident **attribute values, context and topology**

